

## C4 - Parallel & Perpendicular Lines

### Slopes of Parallel & Perpendicular Lines Investigation

For each given line, state the slope of a line that is parallel and the slope of a line that is perpendicular.

$y = mx + b$   
a)  $y = 4x - 3$

$$m_{//} = 4$$

$$m_{\perp} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

b)  $3x + 6y - 7 = 0$

$$y = -\frac{3}{6}x + \frac{7}{6}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{7}{6}$$

$$y = m x + b$$

$$m_{//} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$m_{\perp} = 2$$

## Determine Equation (Board Work)

Write the equation of the line perpendicular to  $3x - 2y - 12 = 0$  and having the same x-intercept as  $x - y + 4 = 0$ .

Find slope of line

$$3x - 2y - 12 = 0$$

$$-2y = -3x + 12$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 6$$

$$m = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$m_{\perp} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

Find point (x-int)

$$x - y + 4 = 0$$

$$x + 4 = 0 \quad (y=0)$$

$$x = -4$$

$$P(-4, 0)$$

Use m and Pt to find eq'n.

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + b$$

$$\rightarrow y = -\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{8}{3}$$

$$0 = -\frac{2}{3}(-4) + b$$

$$0 = \frac{8}{3} + b$$

$$-\frac{8}{3} = b$$

$$3y = -2x - 8$$

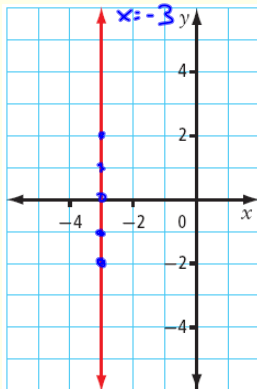
$$2x + 3y + 8 = 0$$

Practice: pg. 156-157: 2, 6-10, 12

# Horizontal and Vertical Lines

For each graph, complete the table of values and state the Domain and Range.

## Vertical Lines

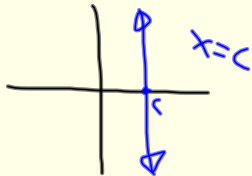


X	Y
-3	-2
-3	-1
-3	0
-3	1
-3	2
-3	5

$D: \{x | x = -3\}$   
 $R: \{y | y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

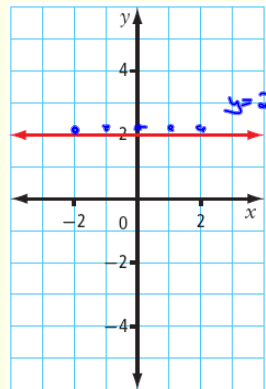
Equation:  $x = -3$

In General:



Vertical Line  
 $x = \#$

## Horizontal Lines

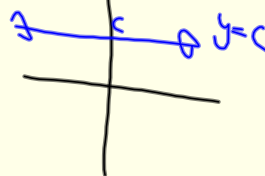


X	Y
-2	2
-1	2
0	2
1	2
2	2
100	2

$D: \{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\}$   
 $R: \{y | y = 2\}$

Equation:  $y = 2$

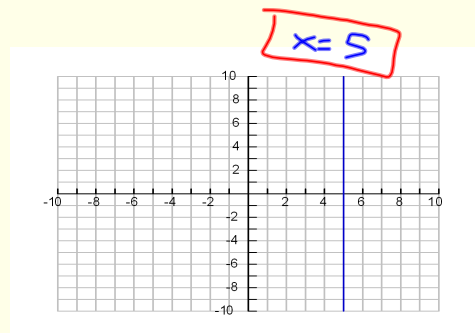
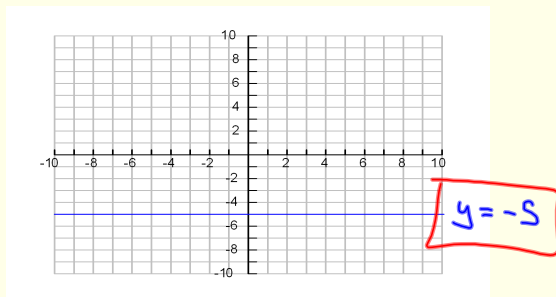
In General:



Horizontal Line  
 $y = \#$

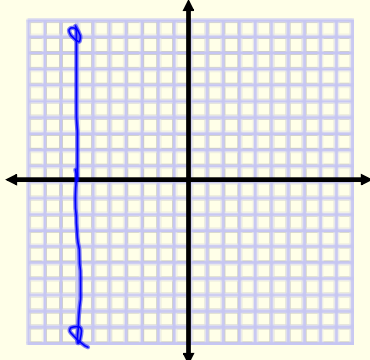
## Practice: Horizontal & Vertical Lines

Determine the equation of each line:



Graph each line.

$x + 7 = 0 \rightarrow x = -7$



$y - 2 = 0 \rightarrow y = 2$

